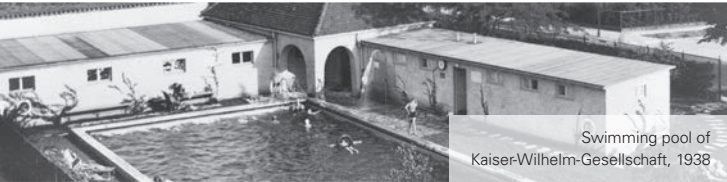


## OUR THEMED TOURS

### Offers for groups

#### General guided tour Discover 100 Years of Science at „Germany’s Oxford“

The classic introductory tour explores the various facets of the history of Dahlem campus from 1911 up to the 1960s.



Swimming pool of  
Kaiser-Wilhelm-Gesellschaft, 1938

### Themed tours

- Don't Be Led up the Garden Path!  
Fiction and Facts of the Dahlem Campus
- Female Pioneers of Science  
Women of the Dahlem Campus
- Albert Einstein in Dahlem
- On the Trail of the Nobel Prize Winners

Duration: 90 minutes

Languages: German, English, Italian

Cost: 120 € (German), 140 € (other languages),  
20% discount for cooperating institutions

Group size: Maximum of 25 people per tour

### Booking requests

Max Planck Society, Berlin office  
Communications  
Email: [dahlemtour@gv.mpg.de](mailto:dahlemtour@gv.mpg.de)  
Phone +49 (0)30 4990 5636  
[www.mpg.de](http://www.mpg.de)

Max Planck Society, Berlin office  
Communications  
Markgrafenstraße 37  
10117 Berlin  
Email: [mpgberlin@gv.mpg.de](mailto:mpgberlin@gv.mpg.de)  
[www.mpg.de](http://www.mpg.de)

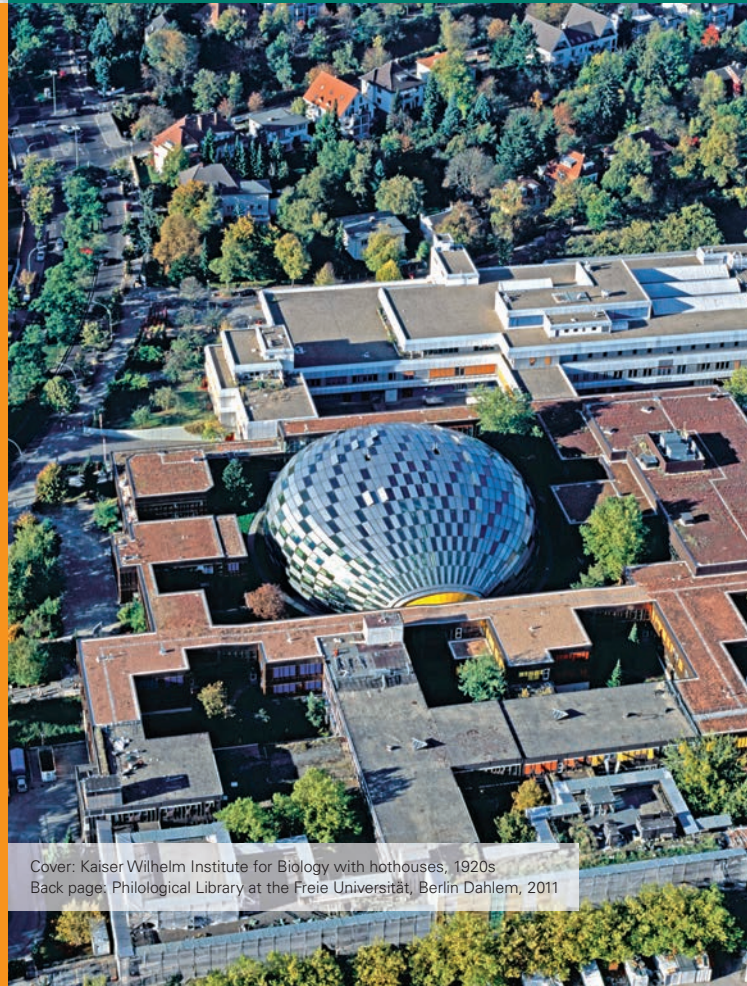
Photos: © Archive of the Max Planck Society and Freie Universität Berlin

In cooperation with

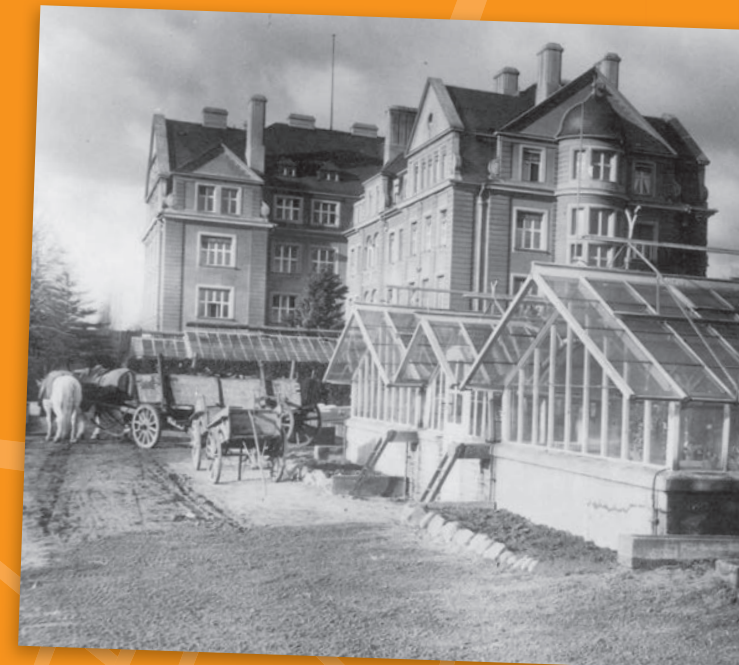


MAX-PLANCK-GESellschaft

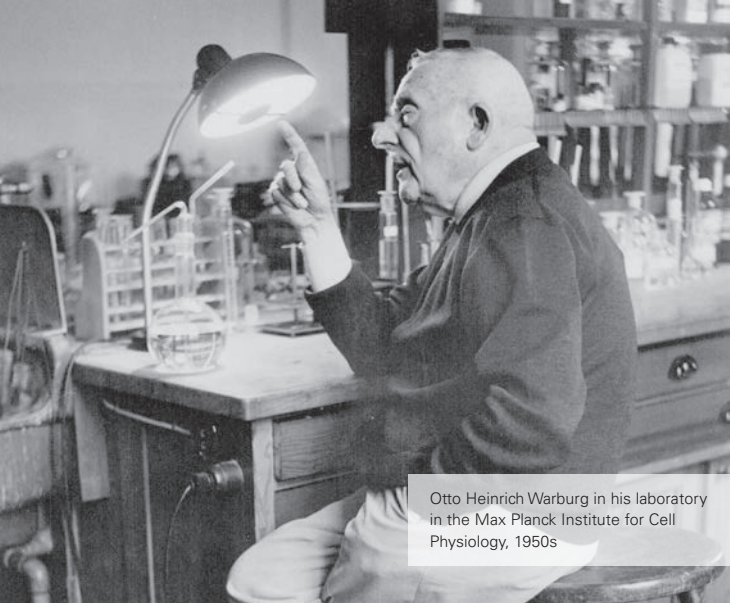
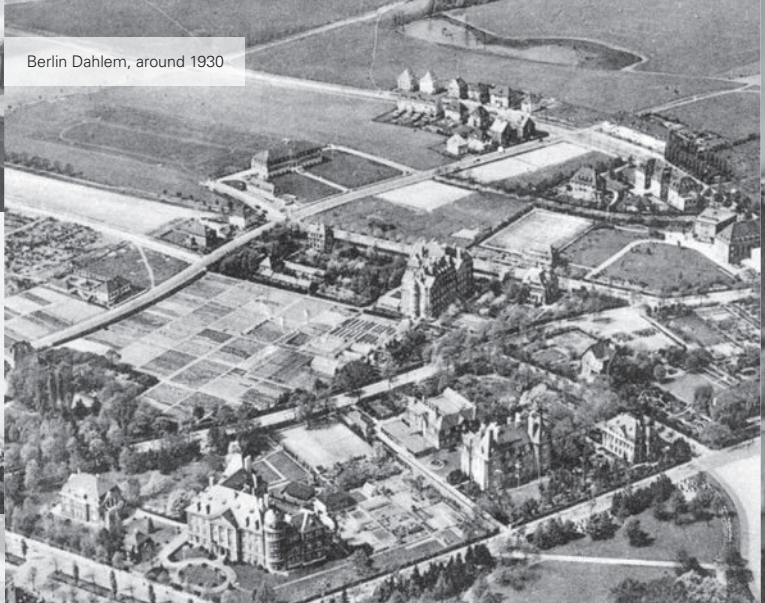
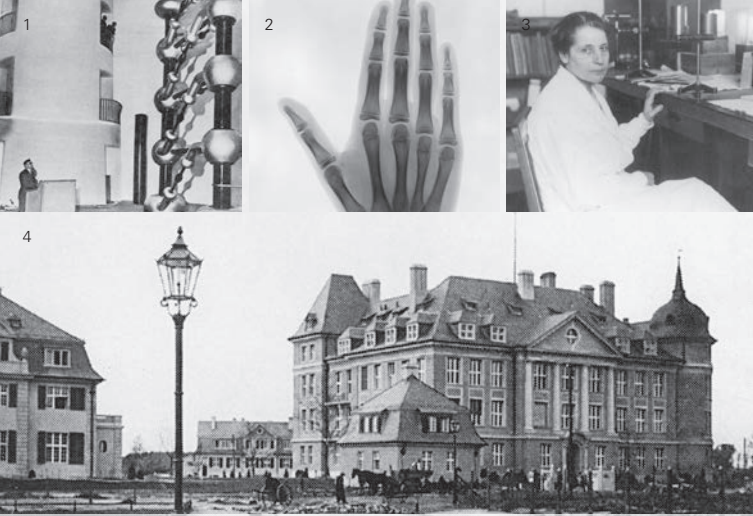
## GUIDED CITY TOURS ON THE BERLIN DAHLEM CAMPUS



Cover: Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Biology with hothouses, 1920s  
Back page: Philological Library at the Freie Universität, Berlin Dahlem, 2011



Discover 100 Years  
of Science at  
“Germany’s Oxford”



Berlin Dahlem, around 1930

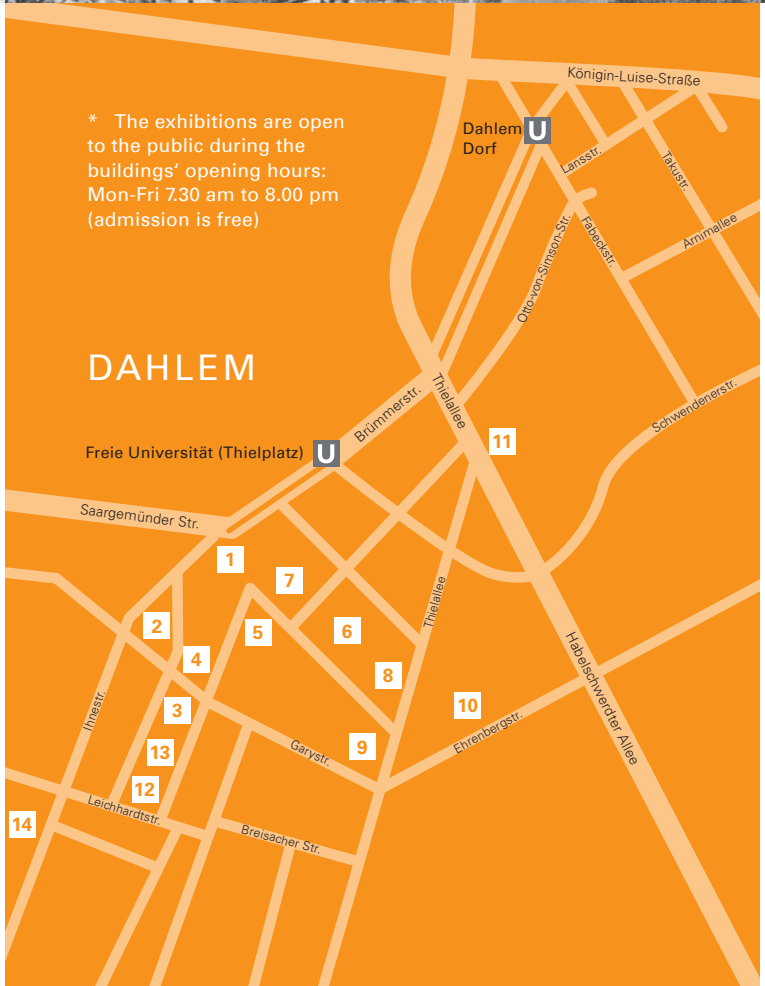
Otto Heinrich Warburg in his laboratory in the Max Planck Institute for Cell Physiology, 1950s

1. Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Physics, high voltage generator in the „Turm der Blitze“ (Lightning Tower), 1940s; 2. Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Anthropology, radiograph, 1930s; 3. Lise Meitner, 1920s; 4. Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Chemistry, around 1914

Nuclear fission, the first uranium reactor, the electron microscope – a surprising number of scientific discoveries and inventions have emerged from Dahlem. From 1912, the elegant residential district evolved into a mecca for creative brains from around the world. Unparalleled in Germany, the first modern research campus emerged here on the greenfield site. Albert Einstein, Otto Hahn and Lise Meitner were just some of the researchers who worked or lived in Dahlem. The stimulus was provided by the Kaiser Wilhelm Society, the predecessor of the Max Planck Society, which now continues the tradition together with the Freie Universität.

The tours start in Harnack House, which was built in 1929 as an international guesthouse. Following the footsteps of Nobel Prize winners, they lead to milestones in the history of science and provide surprising architectural insights: at the time, most of the Wilhelminian-style buildings were in fact high-tech laboratories.

General tours can be individually adapted to focus on the history of biology, chemistry, and physics. In addition, we offer four themed tours. All tours can be booked for groups.



\* The exhibitions are open to the public during the buildings' opening hours: Mon-Fri 7.30 am to 8.00 pm (admission is free)

- 1 **Harnack House**, the Max Planck Society's guesthouse and conference venue since 2000, exhibition of the history of the conference venue\* 1929-1945 Club house of the Kaiser Wilhelm Society
- 2 **Otto Suhr Institute for Political Science at the Freie Universität** 1927-1945 Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Anthropology, Human Heredity and Eugenics
- 3 **Max Planck Society Archive** 1930-1972 Kaiser Wilhelm Institute (from 1953 Max Planck Institute) for Cell Physiology
- 4 **Henry Ford Building**, lecture theatre and library building at the Freie Universität (1954), exhibition of the history of the Freie Universität\*
- 5 **Subsection of the Legal department in the Freie Universität** 1915-1948 Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Biology
- 6 **Fritz Haber Institute of the Max Planck Society, old buildings** 1912-1953 Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Physical Chemistry and Electrochemistry
- 7 **Fritz Haber Institute of the Max Planck Society, Ernst Ruska Building for Electron Microscopy** (1986)
- 8 **Hahn Meitner Building at the Freie Universität (Biochemistry department)** 1912-1944 Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Chemistry
- 9 **Freie Universität, School of Business and Economics** 1913-1945 Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Experimental Therapy and (from 1922) Biochemistry
- 10 **Ehrenbergstraße 33** Albert Einstein's home from April to November 1914
- 11 **"Rost- und Silberlaube" ("Rust and Silver Lodges")**, Humanities departments at the Freie Universität (1973/1978)
- 12 **Max Planck Institute for the History of Science** (2006)
- 13 **Freie Universität, administration** 1938-1945 Kaiser Wilhelm Institute for Physics
- 14 **Max Planck Institute for Molecular Genetics** (1970)