

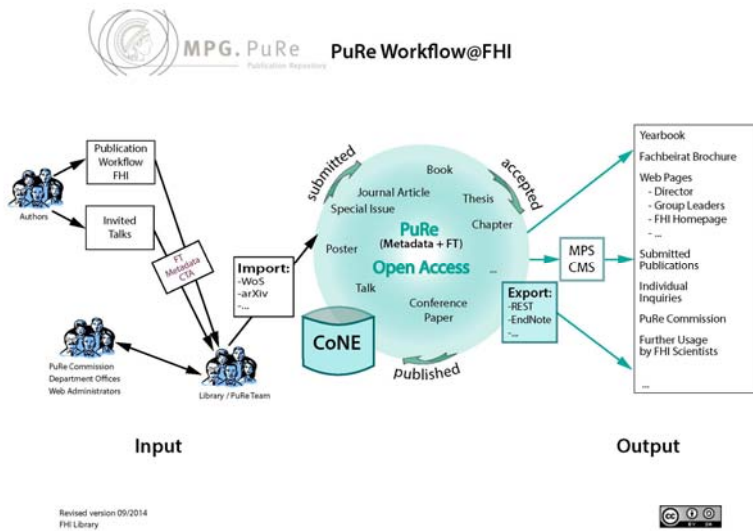


MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT

Fritz Haber Institute Open Access



Open Access @ FHI



The FHI is practicing Open Access of scientific results as stated in the "Berlin Declaration" in two ways: Publication in Open Access Journals and institutional self-archiving in MPG.PuRe.

The publications are used for several reports:

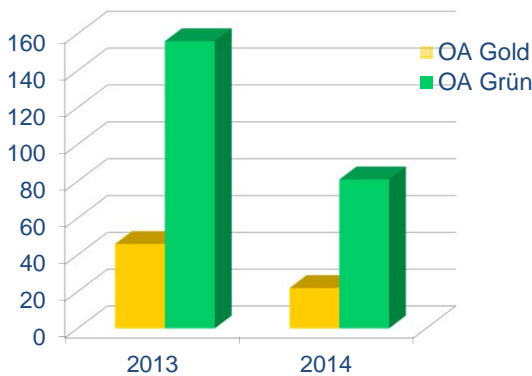
- Yearbook of the MPS
- Fachbeirat report of the FHI
- Websites ...

The Library offers support for scientific authors:

- List of journals in which scientists regularly publish articles
- Arranging seminars on Open Access
- Preparation of information material
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Open Access Publications at FHI

Currently 7167 documents by FHI scientists are available in MPG.PuRe including 3747 fulltexts. 2522 of them are open access.



Special library support for FHI authors

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Open Access at the Max Planck Society

The Max Planck Society (MPS) publicly demonstrated its commitment to Open Access by initiating *The Berlin Declaration on Open Access to Knowledge in the Sciences and Humanities* in 2003.

The practical implementation of Open Access needs to be realized at the individual Max Planck Institute (MPI). Via the Max Planck Digital Library (MPDL) support is offered, e.g.:

Supporting the Golden Road

The licensing team of the MPDL conducts central agreements with publishers on Open Access compatible publication models. Therefore, in these cases Open Access charges are centrally paid for MPS authors.

Supporting the Green Road

Together with the MPIs the MPDL is operating and developing the central institutional repository MPG.PuRe of the MPS.

Further information: <http://openaccess.mpg.de>

Why should authors care about Open Access?

When authors provide Open Access to their work this leads to:

- ✓ An increase in the visibility and accessibility of their research
- ✓ Maximum usage and consequently a potential rise of the citation rate and impact
- ✓ A strengthening of the author's position as usage rights often stay with the author of the publication
- ✓ Application of innovative functionalities, for example, integration of databases, research data or supplementary materials
- ✓ Reduction of access barriers for interdisciplinary research and web-based scholarly communication