

Targeting car use disincentives in home-to-campus commuting:

project S.U.S.T.A.I.N. - *specific* User Sustainability Through Accurate Index Number

UAS Spring Conference - Berlin, April 1-3, 2019

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UniTo - the University of Turin

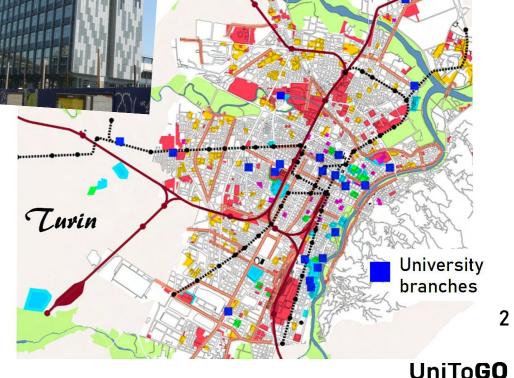
- A large, mega-atheneum with a sparse structure, about 120 branches in different locations around the city (and the suburbs)
- Its daily activities induce a significant part of the Turin metropolitan area mobility
- With a community of around 75.000, distances covered <u>every single day</u> are way above 100.000 kms.





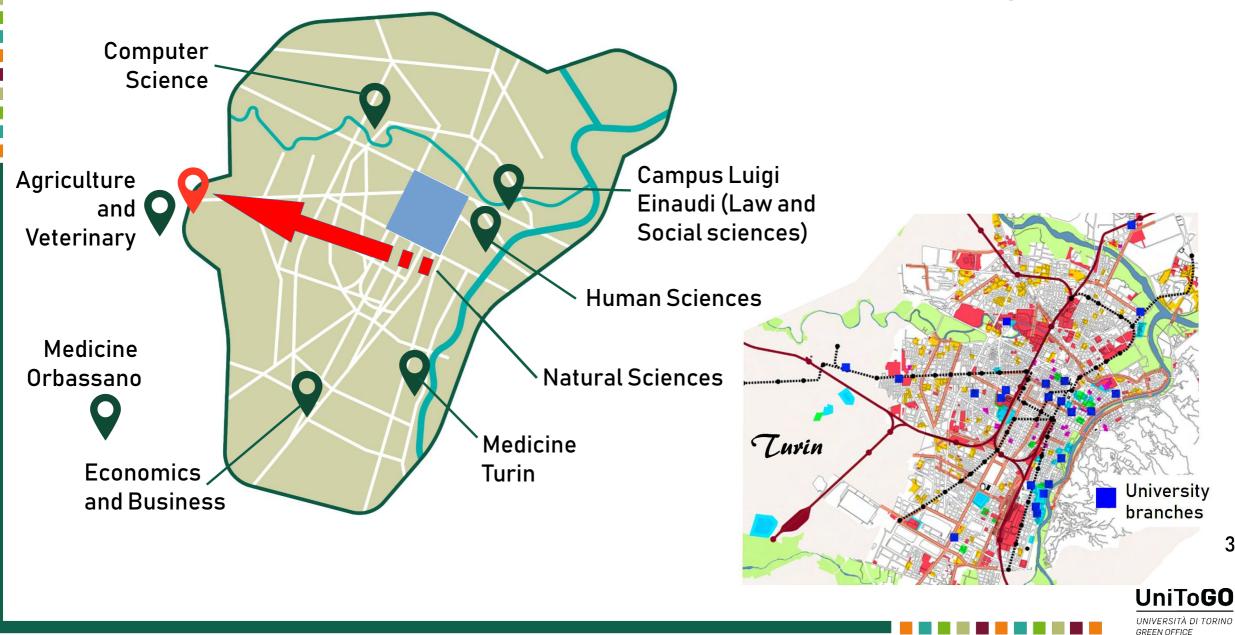


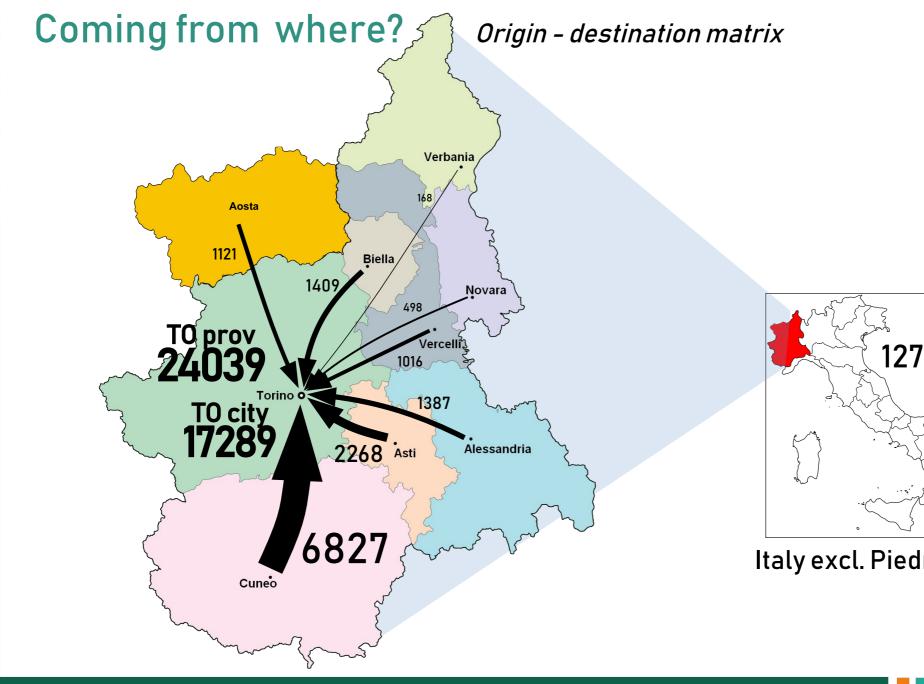




Seven main campuses

3







Foreign countries 1157

4

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Italy excl. Piedmont

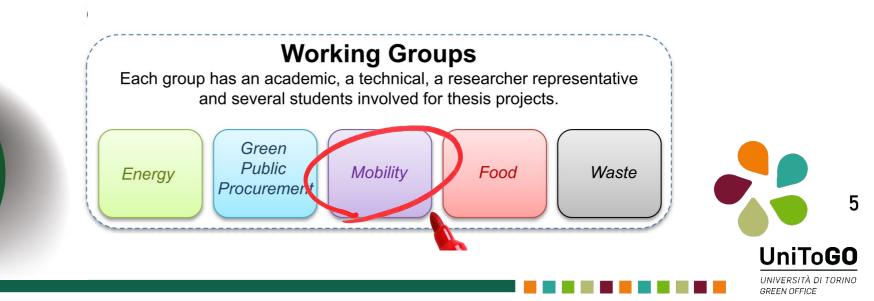
UniToGO – Green office

UniTo**GO**

UNIVERSITÀ DI TORINO

GREEN OFFICE

- A dedicated team that works with a combined *research + action* approach on all topics concerning the sustainability of the university day-to-day activities
 - Created at the end of 2016, includes people from faculty, students, staff and is granted specific funding
 - It is an active member of the RUS (*Rete Università Sostenibili*) national network
 - Organised in 5 working groups:



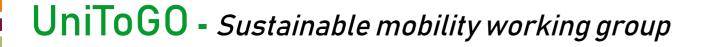
UniToGO - Sustainable mobility working group

• The main goal is to build cultural, normative and structural conditions that can motivate the members of the UniTo community to <u>change their mobility</u> <u>choices towards sustainability</u>

The *Modal share* of home-to-work and home-to-school should should increase for:

- active mobility (walking & cycling)
- Regional and local public transport (road or rail)
- Standard or new forms of *sharing mobility*





The 3 STEPS of our approach:

 Acquire data and information on the present status of mobility choices and on the accessibility of all university buildings and locations, both internal and from public road network;



- Increase the community awareness on the potential for a cleaner, more efficient mobility as part of an overall effort to improve environmental standards of the Athenaeum;
- create a wide network with other higher education institutions, local authorities, firms and associations to develop and share a joint approach to sustainability combining scientific, technical and administrative know-how
- Change

Engage & motivate

Learn

- define and apply incentive policies with economic bonuses and tariffs, regulation and rationalization of parking spaces;
- Analyse the urban road and local transport networks that reach and serve university locations, develop goals and proposals to improve their ability to favour sustainable mobility

NITOGO

The Network of the working group

Local partners

Piedmont Region





Traffico Torino

- Agenzia per la Mobilità
- 5T (data analysis)



- Turin Metropolitan Authority
- Città metropolitana di Torino
- City of Torino
- GTT (public transport)
- TO BIKE



 Fiab (grassroots advocacy)

■ To-Bike (bike sharing)

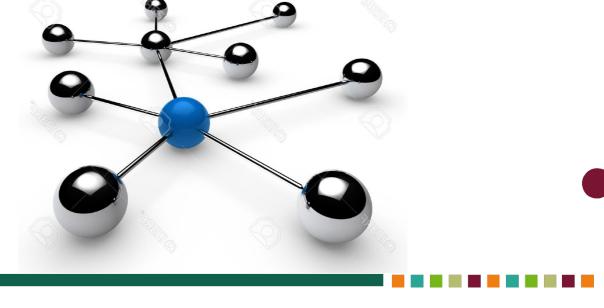
Inside Unito

- University governance
- Administration branch
- Press office
- Sustainability Report
- Personnel Training Branch
- Part-time students
- GreenTo (grassroots advocacy)

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MobilitaUniTo: the mother of all surveys

- On-line questionnaire, both PC and mobile friendly
- 17.500 responses
- 2 units of dedicated staff



come ti muovi, per noi conta. Indagine nazionale sulla mobilità universitaria

A deep insight on behaviour and choices

- Detailed, possibly multimodal *home2university* journey with info on each stretch mode and time
- Separately reported by season and weather
- Bike (and other) sharing specific section
- Subjective perception of critical issues regarding cycling and public transport (and the combination)
- Mobility assets and options actually available to the individual
- Travelling between university locations



A local promotion event

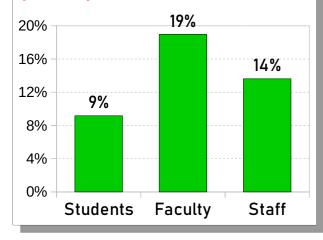


MobilitaUniTo: a glimpse on the results

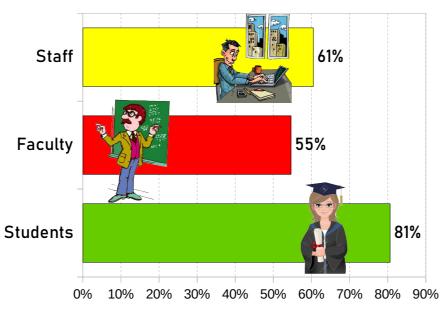
Multimodality

Total	100,00%
5	0,3%
4	3,2%
3	14,4%
2	29,4%
1	52,7%
n. stretches	%

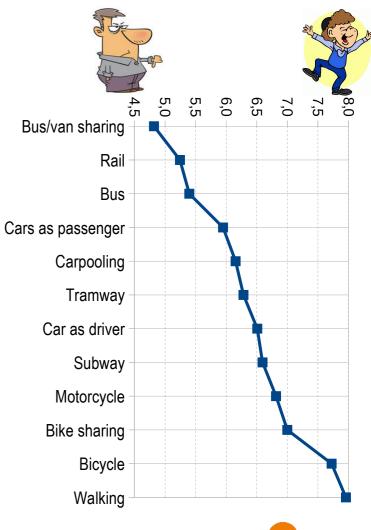
Cycling on the home2univ journey (summer)



Fully sustainable journeys









Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Sect. 4	% cases	N. of people	distance (Km).	
Road transport				20,9%	14.410	9,4	
Car				15,5%	10.705	22,0	
Walking				11,0%	7.630	4,9	
Road transport	Walking			9,1%	6.290	12,4	
Road transport	Road transport			7,4%	5.140	18,6	
Train	Road transport			6,2%	4.290	57,9	
Bicycle				3,9%	2.710	5,2	
Car	Train	Road transport		2,6%	1.795	57,8	
Train	Road transport	Walking		2,4%	1.635	54,3	
Road transport	Road transport	Walking		1,9%	1.340	19,2	
Train	Walking			1,8%	1.235	70,3	
Car	Walking			1,7%	1.155	24,5	
Car	Road transport			1,6%	1.085	28,3	
Car	Train	Road transport	Walking	1,2%	810	55,5	
Road transport	Road transport	Road transport		1,0%	705	18,6	
Car	Road transport	Road transport		1,0%	680	30,3	
Car	Train	Walking		0,9%	630	69,9	
Car	Road transport	Walking		0,9%	615	27,3	
Motorcycle/scooter				0,6%	410	10,1	
Walking	Road transport			0,5%	375	11,7	
Walking	Road transport	Walking		0,5%	375	11,7	
Walking	Road transport	Road transport		0,5%	360	16,0	
Sharing Mobility				0,5%	360	9,7	
Walking	Train	Road transport		0,5%	325	43,9	
Train	Road transport	Road transport		0,5%	320	46,1	
Road transport	Train	Road transport		0,4%	285	52,2	
Train				0,4%	270	56,1	
Walking	Train	Road transport	Walking	0,3%	220	38,9	
Walking	Road transport	Road transport	Walking	0,3%	210	18,0	
Car	Road transport	Road transport	Walking	0,2%	155	28,4	



0, 0, 1, 0,

0, 0, 0,

0,

1, 0,

0, 2,

2,

0,9

1,

0, 0,

0,9 0,9 0,9 0,9 0,9 0,9 1,0 1,0

	Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4	%
83	Road transport				17,3%
91	Car				14,1%
13	Walking				12,5%
89	Road transport	Walking			8,1%
93	Bicycle				7,6%
92	Road transport	Road transport			6,8%
94	Train	Road transport			5,9%
93	Car	Train	Road transport		2,4%
98	Train	Road transport	Walking		2,3%
17	Train	Walking			2,1%
01	Road transport	Road transport	Walking		2,0%
91	Car	Walking			1,5%
96	Car	Road transport			1,5%
72	Sharing Mobility				1,4%
04	Motorcycle/scooter				1,2%
98	Car	Train	Road transport	Walking	1,1%
10	Car	Train	Walking		1,0%
05	Car	Road transport	Walking		0,9%
91	Road transport	Road transport	Road transport		0,9%
93	Car	Road transport	Road transport		0,9%
04	Walking	Road transport	Walking		0,6%
00	Walking	Road transport			0,5%
93	Walking	Road transport	Road transport		0,5%
97	Train	Road transport	Road transport		0,4%
92	Walking	Train	Road transport		0,4%
96	Road transport	Train	Road transport		0,4%
98	Train				0,4%
00	Walking	Train	Road transport	Walking	0,3%
00	Walking	Road transport	Road transport	Walking	0,3%

summer

Bicycle parking: inventory

- Quantity
 Safety
- Efficient use of space
- Easy to access and close to the site





REPORT SULLA CICLABILITÀ DISPONIBILITÀ RASTRELLIERE

Economia e Amministrazione aziendale

- stazioni Tobike : 1 stazione con 28 postazioni
- rastrelliere comunali: 12 archi
- rastrelliere universitarie: 36 posti bici

<u>Agraria e Medicina Veterinaria</u>

- stazioni Tobike : 1 stazione con 14 postazioni;
- rastrelliere comunali: no;
- rastrelliere universitarie: 1x8 posti; 2x 10 posti; 3 archi;

Polo scientifico di via Giuria (Scienze Geologiche, Chimica, Fisica, Farmacia, Neuroscienze)

- stazioni Tobike : 2 stazioni con 15 postazioni ciascuna;
- rastrelliere comunali: 12 archi ; 11 rastrelliere con 2 posti ciascuna;
- rastrelliere universitarie:2 archi;

<u>Medicina (Molinette)</u>

Dipartimento di Biotecnologie Molecolari e Scienze per la salute

- stazioni Tobike : 1 stazione con 21 postazioni (Piazza nizza 46);
- rastrelliere comunali: 12 archi;
- rastrelliere universitarie: no

Dipartimento di Neuroscienze (sede di c.so Massimo D'Azeglio)

- stazioni Tobike : 1 stazione con 15 postazioni (c.so Raffaello ang. c.so Massimo D'Azeglio);
- rastrelliere comunali: no;
- rastrelliere universitarie: no;

Dipartimento di Neuroscienze (sede di via Cherasco)

• stazioni Tobike : 1 stazione con 18 postazioni (piazza Polonia) :

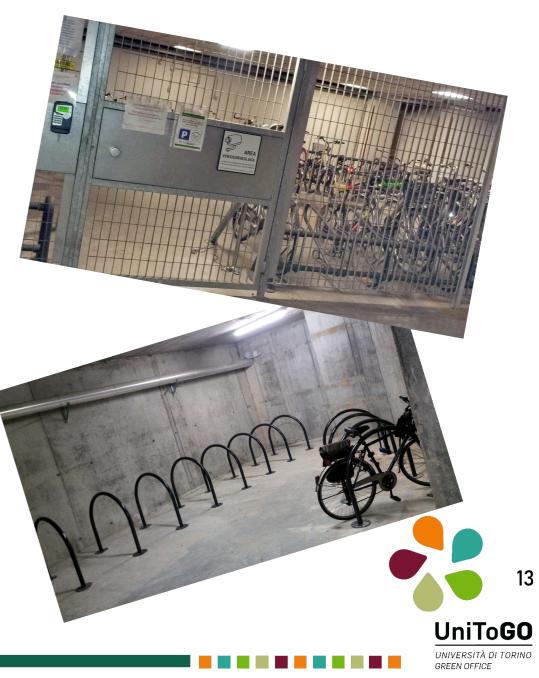




Bicycle parking: new opportunities and solutions

Protected spaces for 100% safe parking





Car parking: *new smart data-based policies*

We want to disincentive car use... but how?



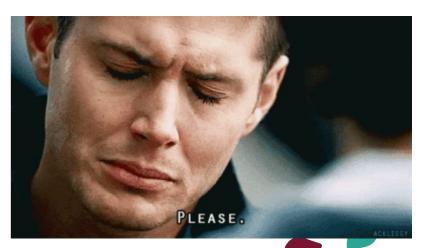


Animistic prayer?



Desperate cry?

Emotionally charged advice?



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>>>> leverage car parking rules!

Background

- In 2012 the new Campus "Luigi Einaudi" (CLE) was opened, aggregating many teaching and research activities and involving several thousands people
- Due to existing laws it had to include a <u>large car parking</u> (about 500 places), to avoid a "car plague" on the neighbourhood environment

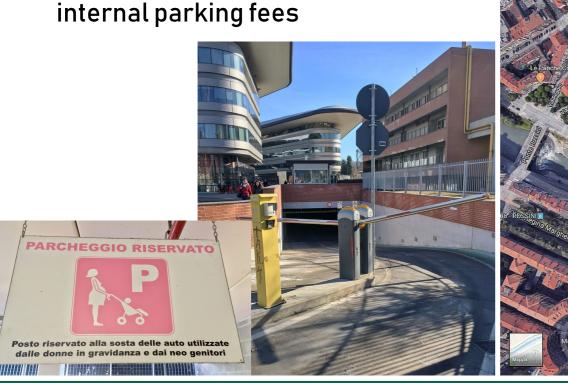


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History

- It remained largely unoccupied for years (monthly fee of 10€ low but not free)
- It became a <u>sought-after commodity</u> in 2017 when public areas around the campus became toll parking at prices 7 times higher than the internal parking fees





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- It remained largely unoccupied for years (monthly fee of 10€ low but not free)
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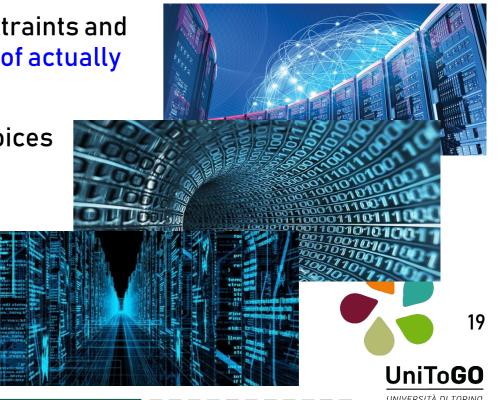
General approach

- Explore ways to move beyond generic, broad appeals in the vein of "*please care for the environment*", "*please use your car less*" that just invoked individual goodwill
- Establish innovative and rational criteria to promote sustainable mobility through the whole university
- Acknowledge that different people may have differing constraints and needs in terms of mobility, involving heterogeneous levels of actually achievable sustainability



General approach

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- Establish innovative and rational criteria to promote sustainable mobility through the whole university
- Acknowledge that different people may have differing constraints and needs in terms of mobility, involving heterogeneous levels of actually achievable sustainability
- Obtain best results through data-based combination of choices and opportunities
- Optimizing the overall sustainability levels while allowing for special needs and more difficult situations to maintain less environmentally friendly journey modes



Project S.U.S.T.A.I.N.: *specific User Sustainability Through Accurate Index Number* Main goals Allow access to car parking to those Equity 1) who most need it, disincentive others Obtain information seamlessly and Efficiency 2) transparently from web platform Establish, test and deploy criteria Extendability 3) easily extensible to other contexts

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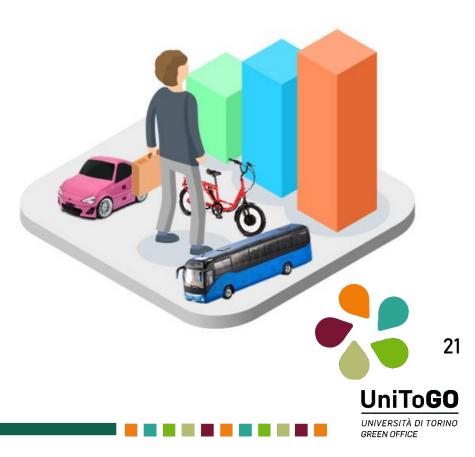
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Allocation criteria:

- Family related constraints (number and age of children, not self-sufficient elderly parents or relatives)
- Eco-friendly cars (electric, hybrid, sharing and pooling)

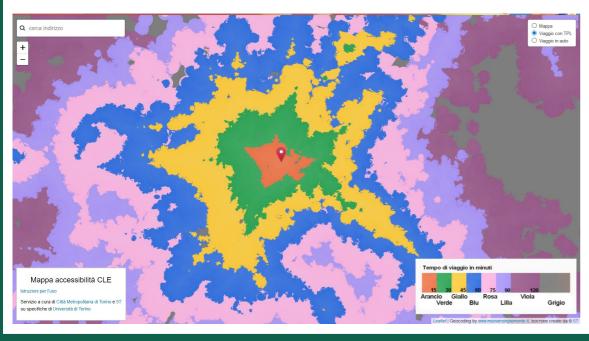
Journey sustainability index

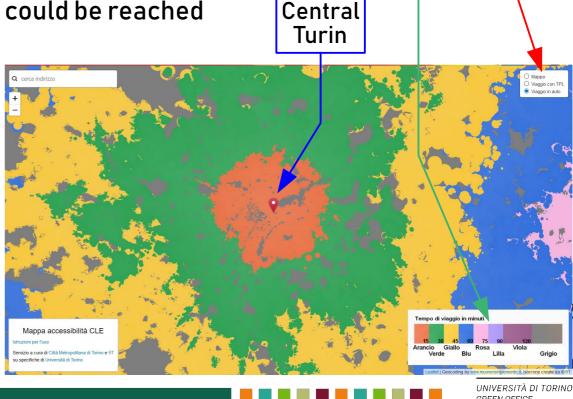
- For any couple of origin-destination locations look at the comparative advantage, in terms of duration, of the
 - standard door-to-door car journey, versus the
 - best multimodal solution involving active mobility plus public transport (including sharing) of any kind.
- Automatically computed through already existing geographical routing engines maintained by the Piedmont Region to power web platforms offering transport info to citizens (www.muoversinpiemonte.it)



First Stage

- the Campus identified as the single arrival location;
- isochrone mapping of the whole region spatially classified in terms of home-campus travel time in two different journey modes:
 - unimodal car only;
 - multimodal combinations of any kind, but excluding own car.
- The mappings drew areas from where the campus could be reached in the two modes within specific time frames.





Journey

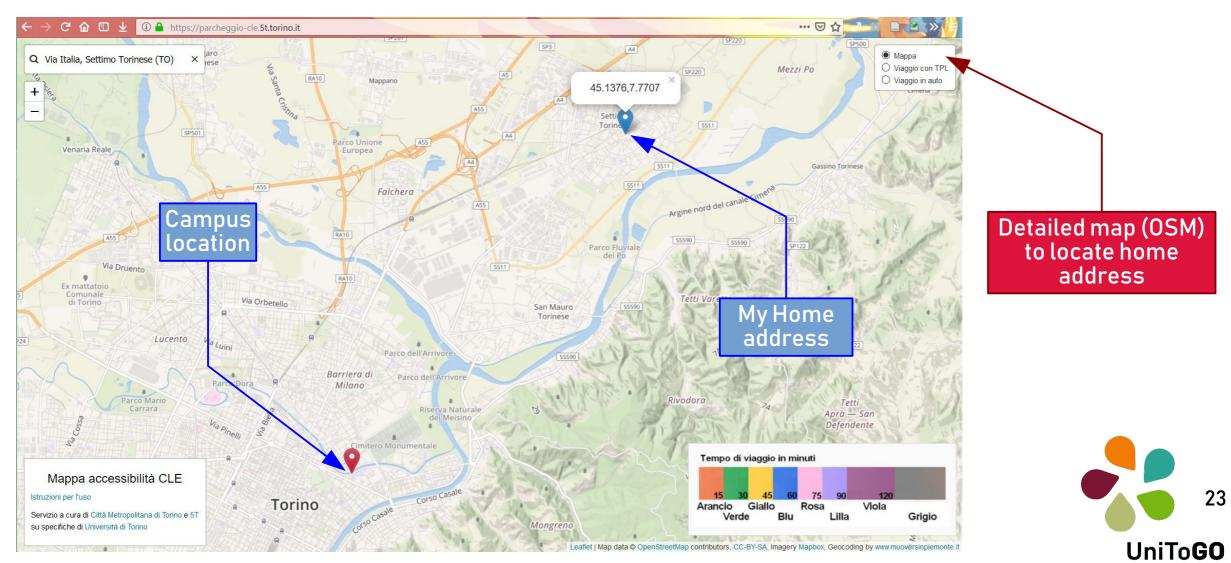
mode

Isochrone

timeframe

1) Where do I live?

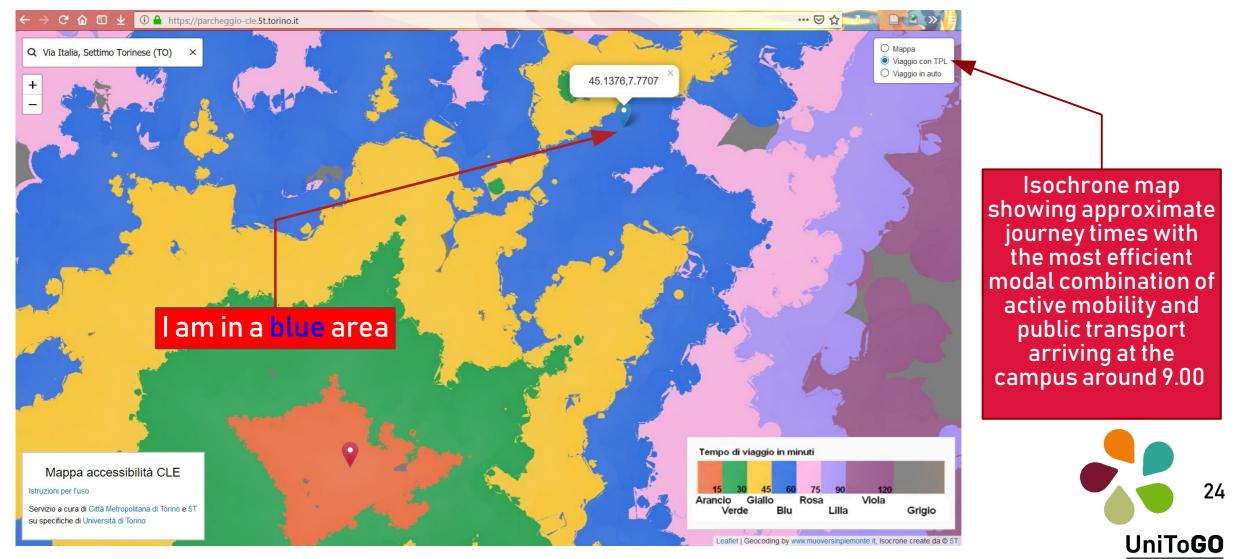
→ Enter the town to get a placeholder at its center; drag it to precise address with mouse



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2) How fast can I travel to the Campus in a sustainable way?

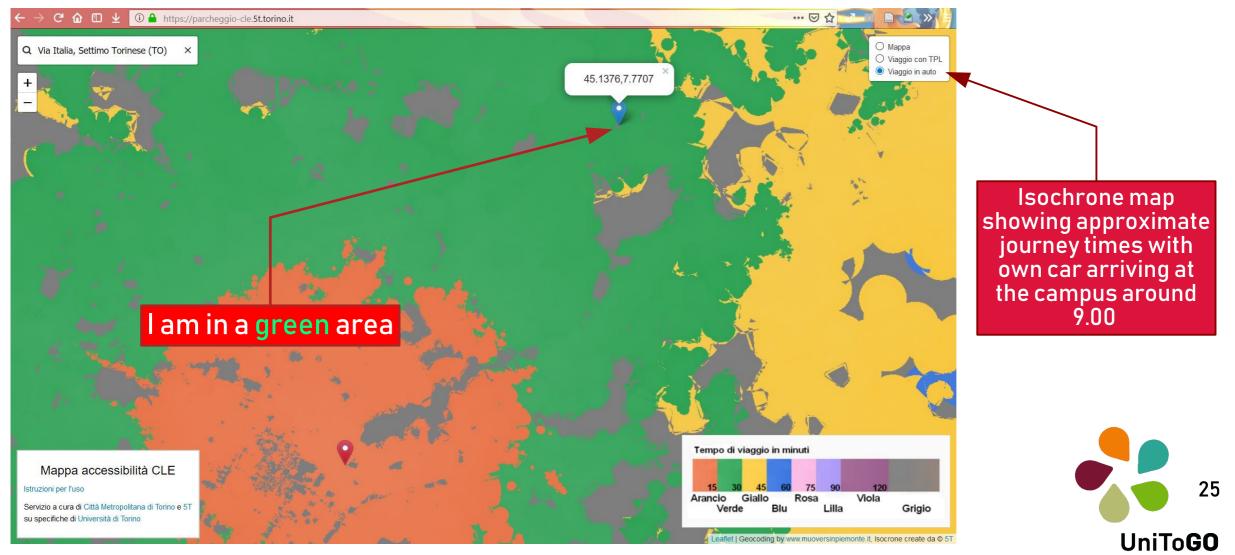
→ Look at the color where my home is on the "viaggio con TPL" map layer



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3) How fast can I travel to the Campus with my own car?

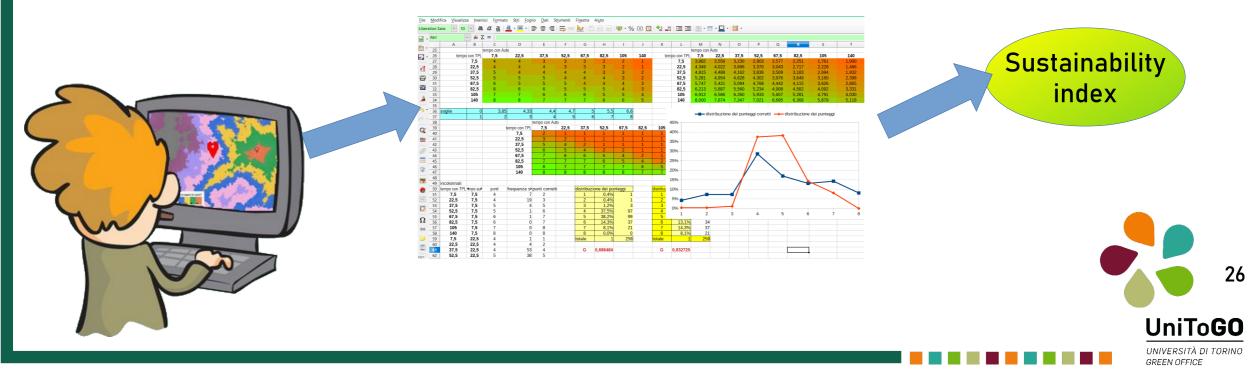
→ Look at the color where my home is on the "viaggio con auto" map layer



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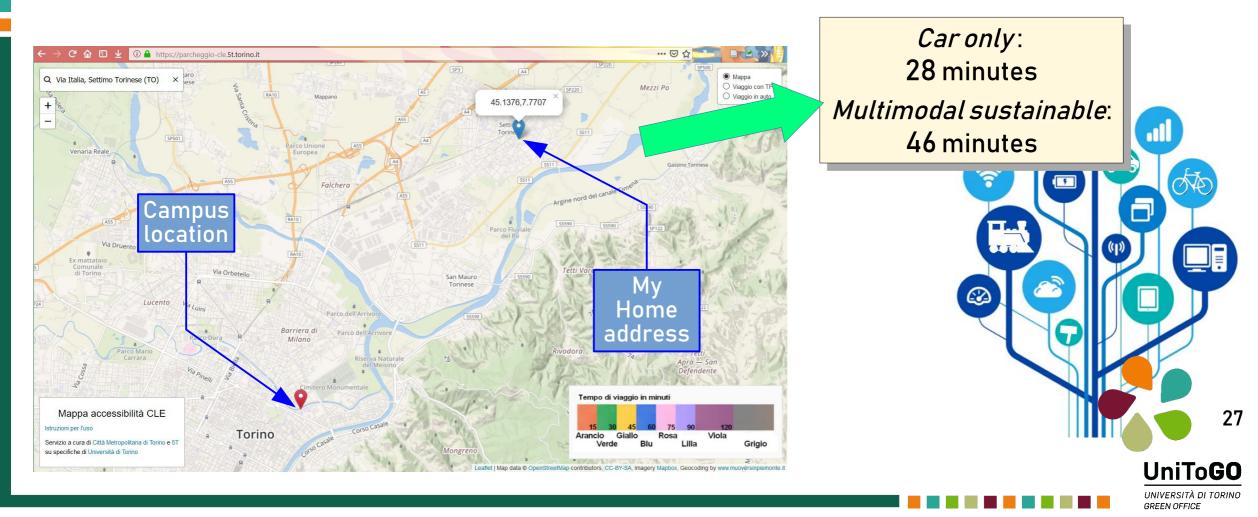
First Stage

- The individual has to identify the <u>colours</u> of his home area in the two mappings on the web platform; this simple information is then processed through an <u>ad hoc</u> algorithm that translates it into a final number.
- The index is derived as a function of the difference of isochrones on the two mappings (*car only* and *sustainable*) for any home address of a community member submitting a permit request.



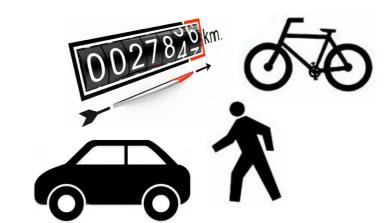
Second Stage (2019/20)

Web platform will compute in real time specific journey times in the two modes exactly based on any source and destination points



Second Stage (2019/20)

- The engine will be configurable by:
 - setting mode-specific constraints
 - no more than XX km. on foot
 - no more than YY km. by bike
 - Allow for bike sharing use



- no more than ZZ by car when fully sustainable option may not exist, first few miles by car could allow connection to public transport network
- specific travelling hours during the day
 - "I usually reach the campus (or destination) at 11"



0

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- possible constraints on number and timing of intermediate connections
 - Allow for a maximum of 2 connections along the journey
 - Allow for a maximum of 20 minutes waiting time for each connection
 - Allow for a maximum of 500 m. distance between stops

Second Stage (2019/20)

- algorithm computing index will not involve travel times only, but examine also:
 - <u>comfort and ease</u> of the sustainable travel options:
 - length and mode of the first and last stretch
 - number and length of transfers for intermediate connections
 - their timing compared to "ideal" connection time (e.g. too risky if under 10 minutes, too long if above 15 minutes)
 - Presence of cyclepaths on possible stretch by bicycle/bike sharing
 - the involved transportations services running frequency during the whole day or for particular time frames

Depart Bus Station	Arrive in the City	Depart the City	Arrive at Bus Statio
9 o'clock	10 o'clock	11 o'clock	12 o'clock
10 o'clock	11 o'clock	12 o'clock	1 o'clock
11 o'clock	12 o'clock	1 o'clock	2 o'clock
12 o'clock	1 o'clock	2 o'clock	3 o'clock
1 o'clock	2 o'clock	3 o'clock	4 o'clock
2 o'clock	3 o'clock	4 o'clock	5 o'clock
3 o'clock	4 o'clock	5 o'clock	6 o'clock
4 o'clock	5 o'clock	6 o'clock	7 o'clock
5 o'clock	6 o'clock	7 o'clock	8 o'clock
6 o'clock	7 o'clock	8 o'clock	9 o'clock
7 o'clock	8 o'clock	9 o'clock	10 o'clock
8 o'clock	9 o'clock	10 o'clock	11 o'clock

