



Bringing Management Information to the Web

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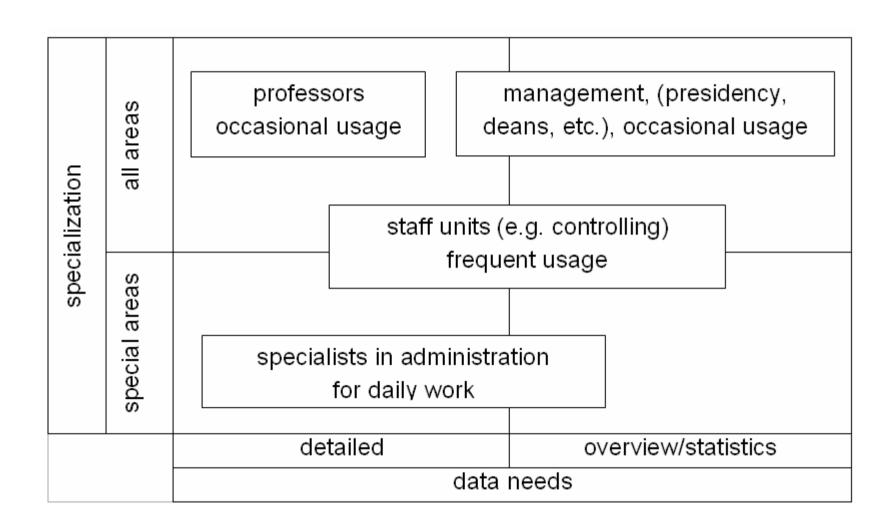




- growing demand for data
- limited access only for a few specialists
- high dependency from the specialists
- no availability "on demand" but long lasting procedures
- quality of data
- wish: data-delivery by pressing one button
- no ressources for implementing and maintaining a new big technology like BW

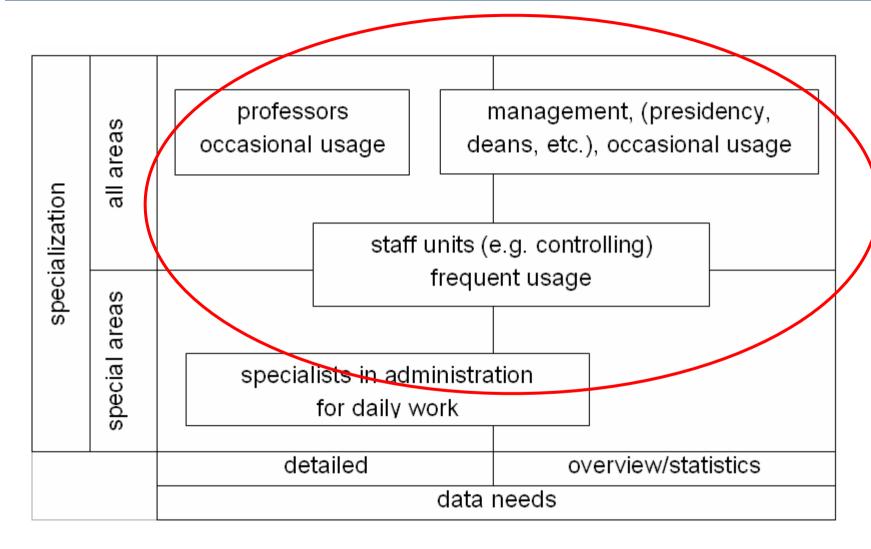


Needs analysis



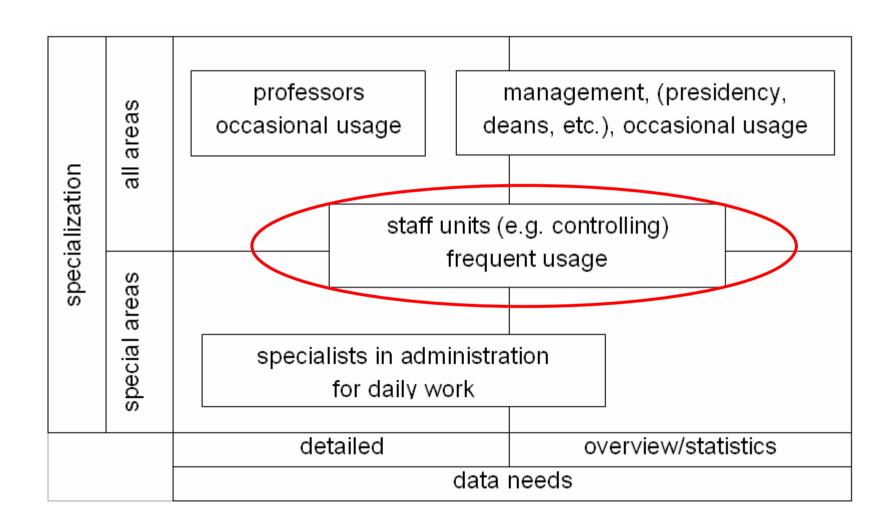


Target Group for a BW





Who uses the BW?



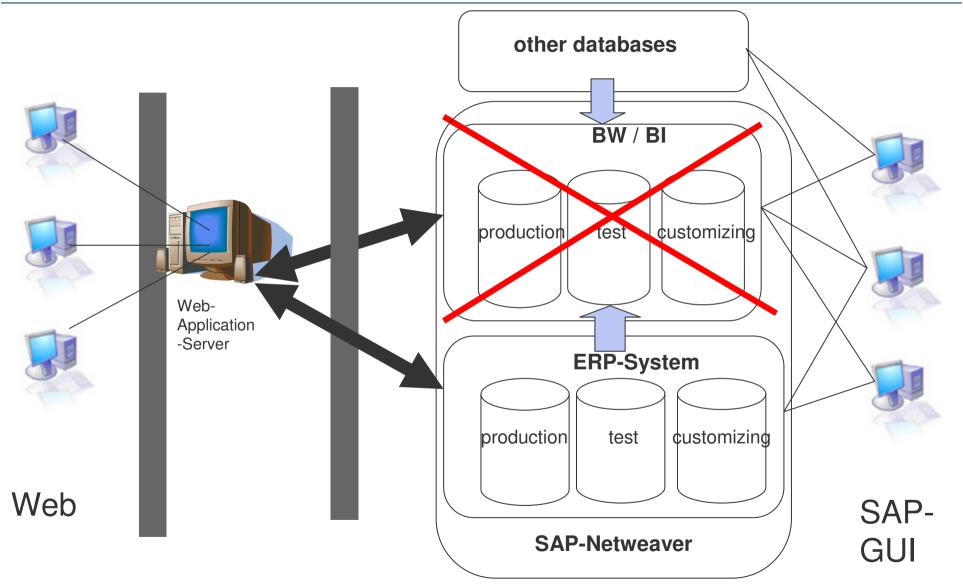
Reasons for reluctance



- gap of qualification and expectation
- competencies, which are needed for a BI:
 - high SAP/IT- competency
 - deep knowledge about the data-structure
 - time for searches, interpretation and analysis
- competencies, managers have
 - low/average SAP/IT-competency
 - superficial knowledge of data-structure
 - no time for searches, interpretations and analysis
- a BW delivers data were information is needed
- there are to many choices and decisions to be made, where "one button" is demanded

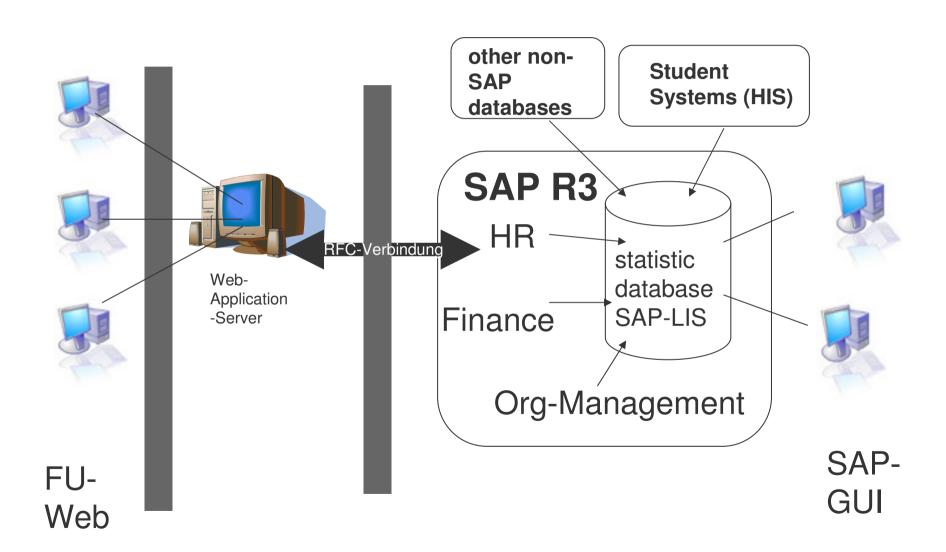


BW: an own world outside the ERP-system





Integration into the ERP-system





Our answer to the reporting demands

- not one tool but different tools for different usergroups
- specialists: improvement of SAP standard-reports within the applications by own programming
 - → mid term perspective: development of web-reports
- staff units: usage of olap-technology, that is located directly in the Logistic Information System (LIS): Development of the Statistic Database as an own application for complex analytical reporting (BW without BW)
- occasional users: development of web-reporting with WebDynPro technology both for daily and analytical reporting; realized with WebDynPro for ABAP



Approach to the LIS-solution

- integration of SAP- and non-SAP-data
- direct access to data from different areas
- statistics instead of real-time reporting
- different degrees of details
- differentiation of roles and rights
- translation of technical jargon into FU-jargon
- flexible navigation
- high performance
- Export to EXCEL and Adobee

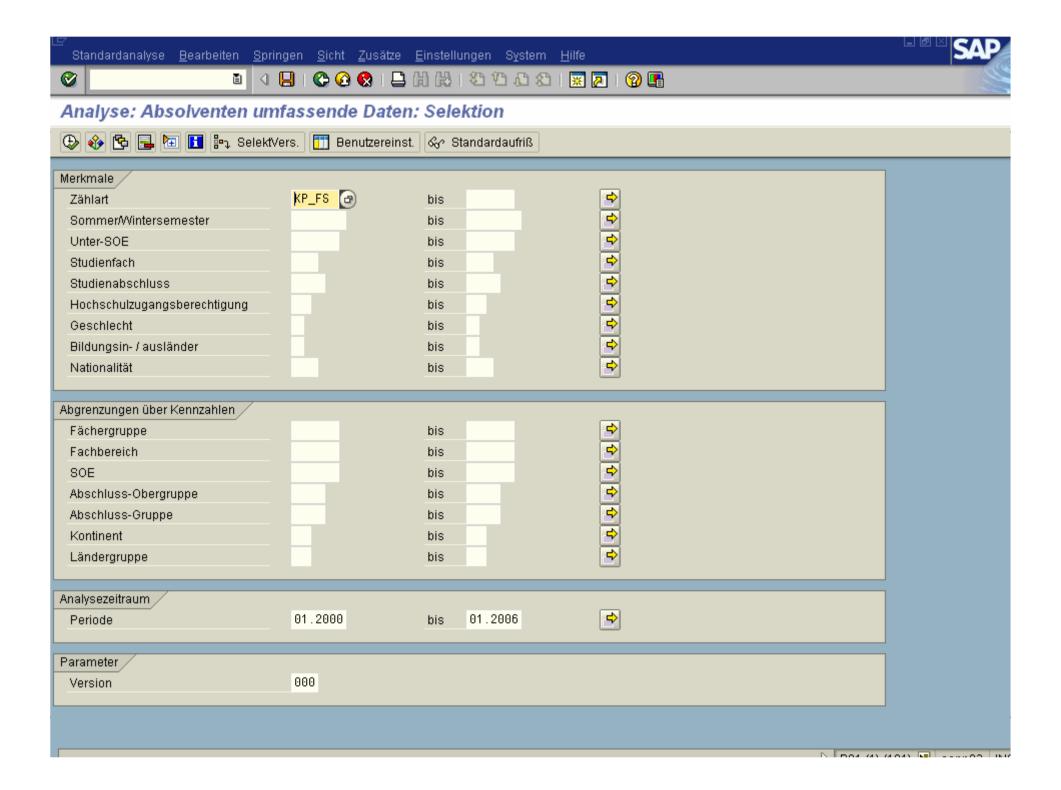


Approach to the web-solution

- easy handling for occasional users
- easy navigation through complex structures
- reduction of choices to be made
- flexible presentation
- high performance
- direct access to data from different areas
- overviews and detailed information
- Export to EXCEL and Adobee
- Access from the intranet and FU-Web protected by individual passwords



Let's have a look



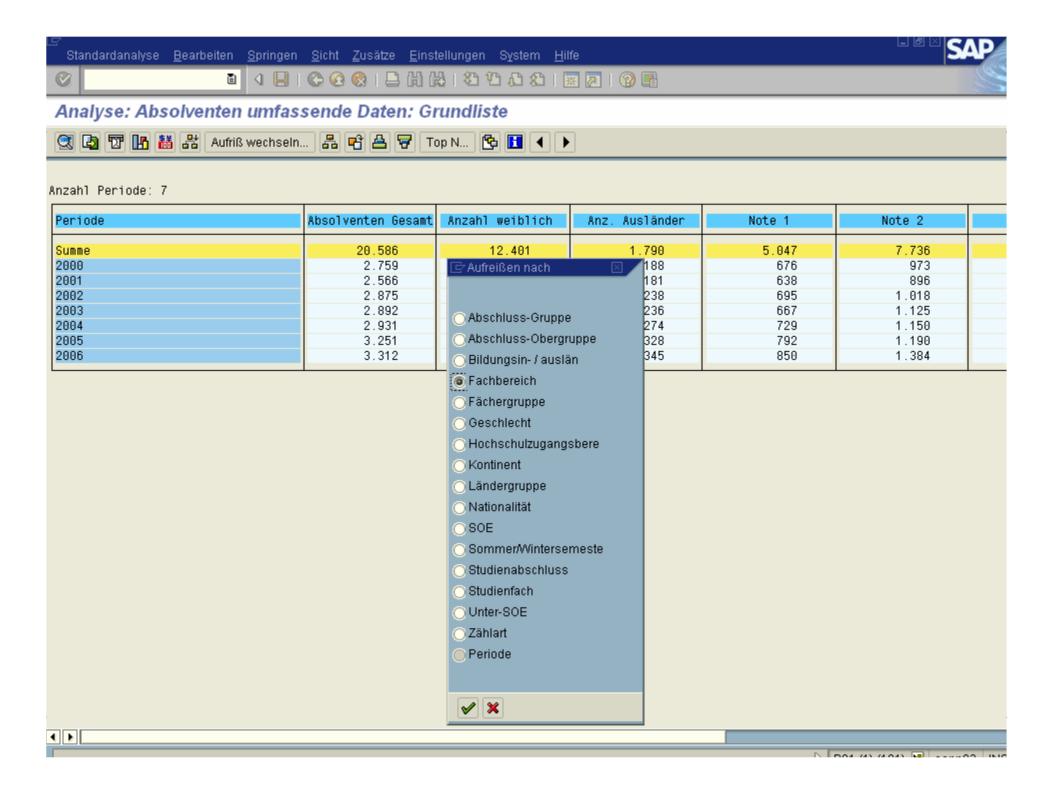


Analyse: Absolventen umfassende Daten: Grundliste



Anzahl Periode: 7

Periode	Absolventen Gesamt	Anzahl weiblich	Anz. Ausländer	Note 1	Note 2	
Summe	20.586	12.401	1.790	5.047	7.736	
2000	2.759	1.611	188	676	973	
2001	2.566	1.513	181	638	896	
2002	2.875	1.737	238	695	1.018	
2003	2.892	1.740	236	667	1.125	
2004	2.931	1.798	274	729	1.150	
2005	3.251	1.958	328	792	1.190	
2006	3.312	2.044	345	850	1.384	





Analyse: Absolventen umfassende Daten: Aufriß



Periode

€

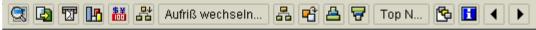
Anzahl Fachbereich: 14

2006

Fachbereich	Absolventen Gesamt	Anzahl weiblich	Anz. Ausländer	Note 1	Note 2	
Summe	3.312	2.044	345	850	1.384	
FB Veterinärmedizin	158	131	8	13	86	
FB Rechtswissenschaft	339	193	38	3	8	
FB Wirtschaftswissenschaft	333	137	48	12	193	
FB Erziehungswissenschaft u. Psycho	385	316	47	179	173	
FB Geschichts- und Kulturwissenscha	175	106	11	73	72	
FB Politik- und Sozialwissenschafte	754	420	92	244	432	
FB Philosophie und Geisteswissensch	460	337	37	128	165	
FB Mathematik und Informatik	110	25	10	30	58	
FB Physik	27	4	2	16	9	
FB Biologie, Chemie, Pharmazie	416	273	34	118	105	
FB Geowissenschaften	107	60	11	22	54	
ZI Osteuropa-Institut	17	15	5	3	10	
ZI John-F. Kennedy-Institut	25	22	1	8	14	
ZI Lateinamerika-Institut	6	5	1	1	5	



Analyse: Absolventen umfassende Daten: Aufriß



2006 Periode

Summe FB Veterinärmedizin FB Rechtswissenschaft FB Wirtschaftswissenschaft FB Erziehungswissenschaft FB Geschichts- und Kulturwissenscha FB Politik- und Sozialwissenschafte FB Philosophie und Geisteswissensch FB Mathematik und Informatik FB Physik FB Biologie, Chemie, Pharmazie FB Geowissenschaften ZI Osteuropa-Institut ZI Lateinamerika-Institut 3.312 Abschluss-Gruppe Abschluss-Obergruppe Bildungsin- / auslän Fachbereich Fachbereich Fächergruppe Geschlecht Hochschulzugangsbere Kontinent Ländergruppe Nationalität	345	850	1.384
	8	13	86
	38	3	8
	48	12	193
	47	179	173
	11	73	72
	92	244	432
	37	128	165
	10	30	58
	2	16	9
	34	118	105
	11	22	54
	5	3	10
FB Philosophie und Geisteswissensch FB Mathematik und Informatik FB Physik FB Biologie, Chemie, Pharmazie FB Geowissenschaften ZI Osteuropa-Institut ZI John-F. Kennedy-Institut ZI Lateinamerika-Institut A60 Fachbereich 27 Fächergruppe 416 Geschlecht 460 Fachbereich 77 Fächergruppe 416 Geschlecht 70 Hochschulzugangsbere 71 Kontinent 6	37	128	165
	10	30	58
	2	16	9
	34	118	105
	11	22	54
	5	3	10
		1	5
SOE Sommer/Wintersemeste Studienabschluss Studienfach Unter-SOE Zählart Periode			



📵 Fachbereich 💮 FB Biologie, Chemie, 📵

Analyse: Absolventen umfassende Daten: Aufriß

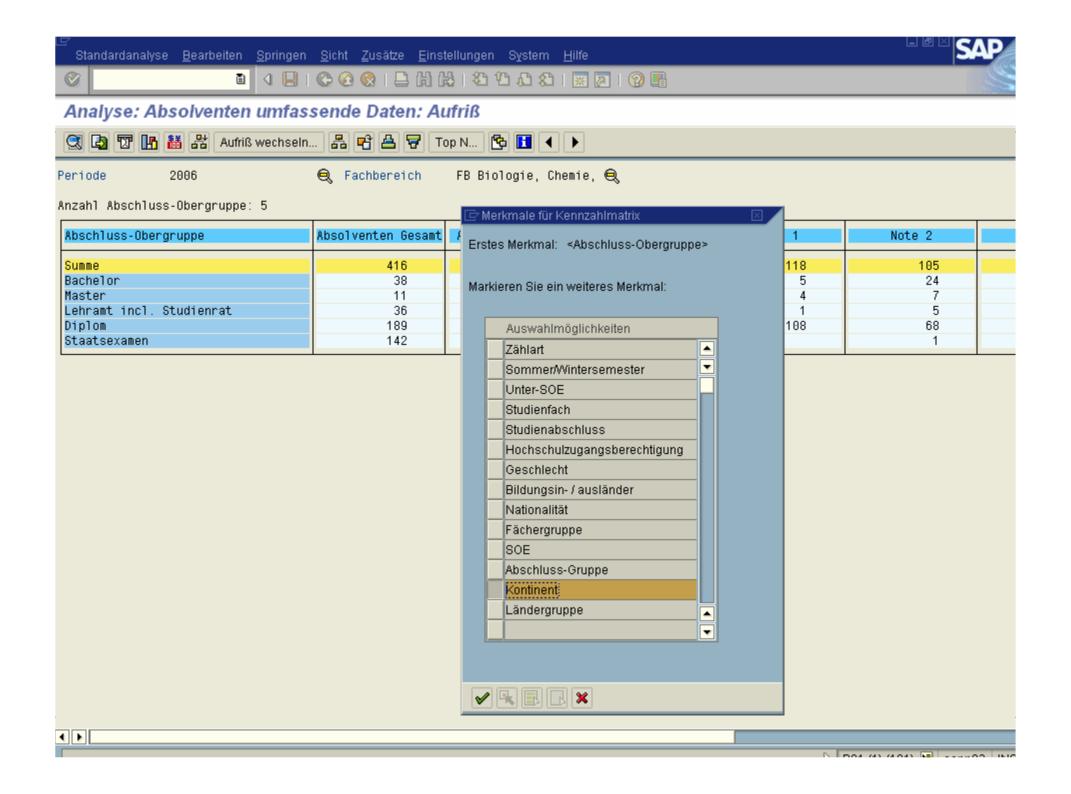


Anzahl Abschluss-Obergruppe: 5

2006

Periode

Absolventen Gesamt	Anzahl weiblich	Anz. Ausländer	Note 1	Note 2	
416	273	34	118	105	
38	14	3	5	24	
11	8	10	4	7	
36	25		1	5	
189	115	11	108	68	
142	111	10		1	
	416 38 11 36 189	38 14 11 8 36 25 189 115	416 273 34 38 14 3 11 8 10 36 25 189 115 11	416 273 34 118 38 14 3 5 11 8 10 4 36 25 1 1 189 115 11 108	416 273 34 118 105 38 14 3 5 24 11 8 10 4 7 36 25 1 5 189 115 11 108 68





Kennzahlmatrix

Graphik Neue Kennzahl Abs <--> Proz

Periode = 2006

Fachbereich = FB Biologie, Chemie, Pharmazie

Absolventen gesamt über al

	Kontinent						
Abschluss-Obergruppe	Europa	Asien	Amerika	Afrika	Australien, Ozeanien		
Bachelor	37	1	0	0	0		
Master	2	7	2	9	0		
Lehramt incl. Studienrat	36	0	9	9	0		
Diplom	186	1	0	1	0		
Magister	0	0	0	9	0		
Staatsexamen	139	1	0	2	0		
Sonstiges	0	0	0	0	0		
Summe:	400	10	2	3	0		



Bringing information to the web!?

- Pressing the button, delivers data but no information.
- To transform data into information, that is relevant for controlling, steering and decision making an institution needs qualified staff to work with the data.
- The change of the structures and the staff development are at least as important as the development of the IT-tools on the way to a management information system.
- Management-Information is communication about the right things to the right time between the right persons; an ITbased Management Information System can support this processes, but cannot replace it.